















# **Wonderland Design Goals**

- Focus on social interaction, formal and informal
  - Emotionally salient
  - Strong sense of social presence, allowing for discussion of sensitive topics
  - Spontaneous, unplanned interactions, particularly socializing before and after planned events to build trust
  - Enhance communication during formal interactions
- Design for collaboration
  - Seamless document and media sharing--no need to switch contexts
- Extreme extensibility
  - Allow developers to add any sort of new behaviour



#### Some eLearning Issues Multicultural Facets

- eLearning has a global reach
- Global reach infers multicultural audiences
- Culture affects how students present themselves cognitively, socially and emotively
- Mirtle customisation tools allows cultural differences to be studied and better understood (eg differing avatar design, differing interaction modalities etc)

Minjuan did you want to add something here, and maybe present this page, or should we scrub this?

- Emotions have been identified as a useful indicator of students response to learning teaching material (eg difficulties may be indicated by frustration, stress etc)
- Lack of emotion feedback in eLearning and virtual reality is a disadvantage
- Emotions can be sensed via interpreting video, audio, neurological or physiological data



# Some eLearning Issues Meta Teaching Affordances Virtual Worlds open up new possibilities such as: Translating learning content and knowledge into tangible virtual objects that student can manipulate and explore in new ways Altering the physical laws to allow students to interact and explore the physical world in new ways Providing a social setting for isolated learners Virtual Worlds offer technological advantages such as: Lower bandwidth requirements Richer interactivity (and increased learner engagement)

### Key issues for Wonderland

- Build on its strengths
  - Audio
  - Collaboration
  - Customisability
- We are using (or plan to use): audio, live lecture video feed, shared apps (VNC), SunSPOTs
- We need better functionality in key areas:
  - Avatar customisation
  - Avatar gestures
  - World-building tools





# Some issues with privacy and integrity in collaborative virtual environments

An increasing need to protect data and resources available within virtual worlds

- spatial access (i.e., who can move their avatar where)
- media access (who can view which images or hear what sounds)
- object use/mutability (who can use and change which VR objects)

Wonderland can potentially provide much greater control of privacy and integrity in CVEs

Example: WonderDAC - Wonderland with discretionary access control





## Differentiators

#### Wonderland:

- Live application sharing
- Integration with business data
- Internal or external deployment
- Darkstar scalability
  - very large to very small
- Open and extensible
  - 100% Java
  - Open source, open art path
- Audio (spatial) as core feature
- Extensive telephony integration

#### Second Life:

Privacy/security issues? Suitability for institutional deployment? Commercial platform Very large community Rich scripting and world building Online economy

#### **Opensim:**

OpenSim - a SL compatible server (SL has already open sourced their client) Not as platform-agnostic as Wonderland (relies on Mono/.Net) OpenSim Grids enable worlds to be linked

**Conclusions** We have described "work in progress" aimed at delivering a • mixed reality environment for eLearning Environment allows students to inhabit a mixed virtual and • real classroom (with local and remote students interacting with each other in a similar way to a real campus). Have explained how it can: • Provide a richer form of interactivity (and increased learner engagement) Providing a social setting for isolated learners Translate learning content and knowledge into tangible virtual objects that student can manipulate and explore in new ways Alter physical laws to allow students to interact and explore the physical world in new ways - Lead to lower bandwidth requirements - Provide a means of exploring multicultural issues.

#### **Some References**

- Shen, L., Leon, E., Callaghan, V., Shen, R.: Exploratory Research on an Affective eLearning Model. In: International Workshop on Blended Learning 2007 (WBL 2007). University of Edinburgh, Scotland (2007)
- Shen, L., Callaghan, V.: Affective e-Learning in Residential and Pervasive Computing Environments. Journal of Information Systems Frontiers (special issue on Adoption and Use of Information & Communication Technologies (ICT) in the Residential/Household Context) 10(3) (2008); Springer Netherlands, ISSN 1387-3326
- Davies, M., Callaghan, V., Shen, L.: Modelling Pervasive Environments Using Bespoke & Commercial Game-Based Simulators. In: Li, K., et al. (eds.) LSMS 2007. LNCS (LNBI), vol. 4689, pp. 67–77. Springer, Heidelberg (2007)
- Shen, L.P., Shen, R.M.: Ontology-based intelligent learning content recommendation service. International Journal of Continuing Engineering Education and Life-Long Learning 15(3-6), 308–317 (2005)
- Shen, R.M., Yang, F., Han, P.: A dynamic self-organizing e-Learner communities with improved multi-agent matchmaking algorithm. In: Australian Conference on Artificial Intelligence 2003, Perth, Australia. Springer, Berlin / Heidelberg (2003)
- Wang, M.J.: Designing online courses that effectively engage learners from diverse cultural backgrounds. British Journal of Educational Technology 38(2), 294–311 (2007) A Mixed Reality Teaching and Learning Environment 65
- Wang, M.J., Kang, J.: Cybergogy of engaged learning through information and communication technology: A framework for creating learner engagement. In: Hung, D., Khine, M. (eds.) Engaged learning with emerging technologies. Springer Publishing, New York (2006)
- Wang, M.J.: Correlational analysis of student visibility and learning outcomes in an online setting. Journal of Asynchronous Learning Networks 8(4), 71–82 (2004) (Retrieved October 1, 2004), http://www.sloan-c.org/ publications/jaln/v8n4/index.asp (also available in print)



